

ONTARIO TEACHER-COACH RESEARCH STUDY

The following results are representative of a 2015 study conducted by Martin Camiré and Colin J. Deal from the University of Ottawa. The study contained a national survey of Canadian high school teacher-coaches, of which 870 respondents (28%) were from Ontario and whose results are below:

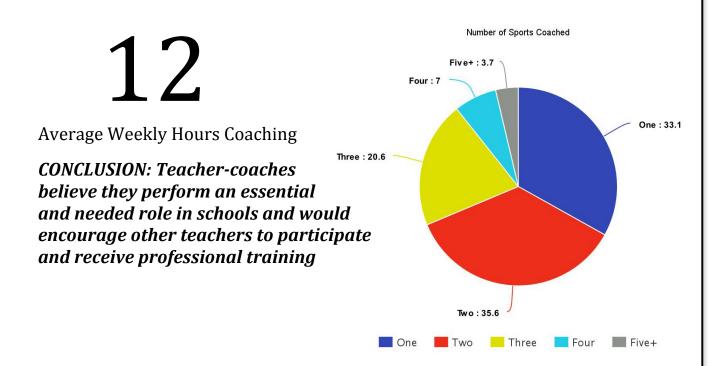
"Adult leaders in sport can exert a considerable influence on young athletes' development but this influence is mediated by the quality of the relationship that is formed between both parties."

- Martin Camiré



- Findings From Teacher-Coaches -

- 61% of teacher-coaches in Ontario indicated holding some level of coaching education from the National Coaching Certification Program (NCCP).
- 98% reported no financial compensation for coaching, beyond reimbursements for expenses
- 99.4% reported not receiving reduced teaching load for service as coaches
- 66.9% reported coaching two or more sports teams in their school



- Relationship Development -

"Do you believe that developing relationships with students is easier in the context of high school sports than in the classroom?"

$$YES = 86.5\%$$
 $NO = 13.5\%$

Sport has a greater emotional dimension than a classroom, which brings coaches and athletes closer together. Average responses = 6.11/7

CONCLUSION: Compared to teachers not involved in extracurricular activities, teacher-coaches strongly believed that they were better positioned to develop relationships with students through interaction in a variety of settings.





- Recommendations -

Teacher-coaches were asked to rate a series of recommendations that may help with the challenges they face, on a scale of 1 (low) to 7 (high) for both usefulness / feasibility.

- Having the school cover fees for coach education courses = 6.43/3.77
- Offering coach education courses at school during PA days = 6.38/4.20
- Recognizing coach education as professional development = 6.31/4.41
- Receiving more resources for sport from the school board = 5.99/3.30
- Offering coach education courses on the Internet = 5.14/4.90

CONCLUSION – Teacher-coaches believe they deserve recognition for professional development through coaching education, and recommend schools help pay for courses that could be run at school during PA days.

To view the study in its entirety please visit - http://www.ofsaa.on.ca/sites/default/files/PDFs/national_teacher-coach_report_2015.pdf